

PRODUCT COMPARISON SHEET

Chlorine Dioxide (ClO ₂) v	rs. Hydrogen Peroxide (H ₂ O ₂)
 Extremely high oxidation and germicidal efficacy values. Wide spectrum / quick kill 	Moderate oxidation and disinfection values
 Superior hygiene for animal, facility and water applications 	Limited use for individual application
 Rapid killing action across spectrum of organisms (seconds) 	 Low to moderate killing actions (minutes to not effective)
 Excellent biocidal values across a broad spectrum of disease-causing organisms 	Limited biocidal values and efficacies
Effective in low concentrations and is extremely soluble in water	 Breaks apart and disassociates itself (hydrolyzes) when added to water
Effective in wide solution pH range	pH range specific. Highly acidic
 New, high efficiency, easy to implement water injection system. Superior ROI¹ 	Low efficiency water dosing systems
EPA approved technology for water disinfection systems	Not approved by EPA as a stand-alone water disinfection technology
 Environmentally friendly. Unlike sodium hypochlorite (NaClO) does not produce ecotoxic byproducts such as TMH, HAA or chloro-phenols 	 Environmentally friendly. 100% biodegradable. Hydrolyzes into oxygen and H₂O when added to water

¹Acepsis[™] is proud to provide the new AquaSoar[™] Activation System that delivers the highest yields and efficiency in the activation and dosing of the AquaSoar[™] product. Higher yields, higher efficiency, quantifiable results, increased ROI.



Table 1.



Table 1 provides the oxidizing (disinfecting) range of the most popular sanitizing agents in the industry. The higher the Oxidation Reduction Potential (ORP), the higher the disinfecting ability. This is measured in millivolts (mV).

Table 2.

ORP Values In Pathogen Disinfection*** PATHOGEN SURVIVAL IN SECONDS (S) OR HOURS (H) AT ORP LEVELS (MV)				
Pathogens	<500 ORP (mV)	500 - 600	1600 - 700	l 700+
E. COLI (0157:H7)	> 300 S	< 60 S	< 10 S	< 1 S
SALMONELLA SPP.	> 300 S	> 300 S	< 20 S	< 1 \$
LISTERIA MONOCYTOGENES	> 300 S	> 300 S	< 30 S	< 1 \$
THERMO-TOLERANT COLIFORM	> 48 H	> 48 H	< 30 S	<15

Table 2 shows the relative survival rate of different pathogens and the role that oxidation power has in the disinfection process, using the ORP (mV) value to measure the rates. Based on the numbers from Table 1, chlorine dioxide is a clear winner over hydrogen peroxide.

*Oxidation Reduction Potential (ORP) for Disinfection Monitoring, Control and Documentation; University of California, Trevor Suslow, Department of Vegetable Crops, University of California - Davis

Table 3.



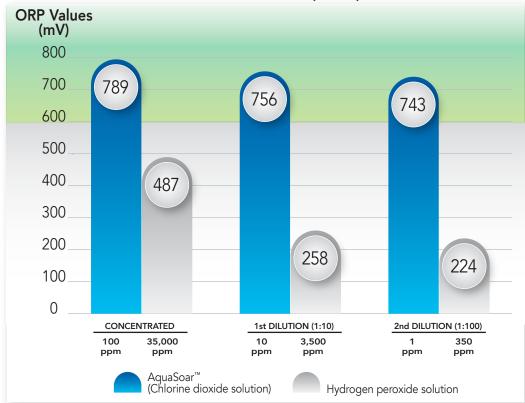


Table 3 demonstrates the ORP values of each chemical technology / formulation when added to water. AquaSoar™ retains its high ORP values even when diluted to low concentration levels. Hydrogen peroxide breaks apart (hydrolyzes) immediately when added to water, eliminating its ORP / disinfection value.

ACEPSIS™, LLC is an animal health based company that is focused on the development of state-of-the-art animal hygiene technologies. Our Company's mission is to apply innovative animal hygiene technologies into the agricultural and veterinary market sectors.



